

CLAIMS

1. Plastic tube head (2), designed to be assembled with a skirt (3) to form a tube (1), comprising a typically threaded orifice (20) and a shoulder (21) comprising an annular connection part (22) to the said skirt, characterized in that,

5 a) the said head (2) is formed by co-injection and comprises a thermoplastic multilayer material comprising an internal layer (24) and an external layer (23) in structure material A, and at least one inner  
10 layer (25) in barrier material B,

b) the said inner layer (25) is encased by the said internal layer (24) and external layer (23), including at the ends of the said head where the said internal and external layers are joined together in one  
15 layer, the distances "e" and "e'" between each of the ends (250, 251) of the said inner layer and the corresponding end of the said head being between 0.02 mm and 5 mm, such that the said inner layer made of a barrier material (25) extends over the greatest  
20 possible height, while its ends remain encased or encapsulated by the junction of the said internal layer (24) and external layer (23).

2. Head according to claim 1, in which the said  
25 *Sub 7* internal and external layers are made of the same barrier material A, typically a polyolefine chosen from among PE and PP.

3. Head according to claim 2, in which the said barrier material B is typically chosen to be a polyvinyl alcohol or EVOH.

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b) injection of the said structure material is continued for an additional time  $T'$  equal to at least

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A3  
cont

To, in order to stabilize the quantity of injected structure material.

8. Manufacturing process according to claim 7 in which:

- To can vary from 0.1 s to 1 s
- To+T' can vary from 1 s to 3 s
- t can range from 0.01 To to 0.1 To
- t' can range from 0.02 To to 0.2 To

Sub 7  
10/24/79 9. Process for manufacturing tubes (1) in which a head (2) is assembled on a skirt (3) according to either of claims 7 or 8, typically by welding.

10. Process according to claim 9, in which the said tube head (2) and the said skirt (3) are assembled by co-injecting said head (2) on said skirt (3).

15 11. Process according to any one of claims 7  
to 10, in which n tube heads (2) are made  
10 simultaneously, where n is typically between 2 and 16,  
using n injection heads (6) supplied with structure  
material A by means of an extruder (63) for material A  
20 and a distributor (630) with n arms, and supplied with  
barrier material B by means of an extruder (64) for  
material B and a distributor (640) with n arms.

12. Manufacturing process according to either of claims 10 and 11, in which a turntable or carousel (76) with a vertical axis of rotation (77), divided into p sectors (71, 72, 73, 74) p typically being equal to 8, and indexed in rotation with an angular pitch equal to  $360^\circ/p$ , successively brings each sector in front of at least three fixed stations, at different angular positions with respect to the said axis of rotation, that is a first skirt loading station (71) on the said turntable sector, then a second station (72) for co-

injection and insert molding of the said heads on the said skirts, and a third section at which the tubes (74) are unloaded from the said turntable, the residence time of a sector facing each of the fixed stations being equal to the sum  $To+T'$ , preferably varying from 1 second to 3 seconds, and the time interval between two fixed stations being determined particularly by the angular offset between these two fixed stations.

10 13. Process according to claim 12, in which, with  $p$  equal to 4, the angular offset between the co-injection station (72) and the unloading station (74) is equal to  $\alpha$ , typically equal to  $180^\circ$ , such that the tube cooling time between the co-injection station and  
15 the unloading station is approximately equal to  $(To+T') \cdot (p/360^\circ) \cdot \alpha$ .

Sub  
a) 14. Device for the manufacturing of tube heads or tubes, using the co-injection process according to any of claims 7 to 13, comprising 1 to  $n$  coinjection heads  
20 (6) according to the number  $n$  of tube heads (2) to be coinjected simultaneously in 1 to  $n$  corresponding cavities (67) in which:

a) each coinjection head (6) is supplied with structure material A and barrier material B,

25 b) each head comprises a ring opening (66) leading to said cavity (67), which may be supplied with material A via a channel (634), or with a ring flow of material A/B/A via opening (53) of a coinjection nozzle (5) supplied with materials A and B, and

30 c) each head comprises means for ensuring the programmed injection of material A or of said flow A/B/A/ into said cavity (67) at predetermined times in

15. Device according to claim 14 in which said means for ensuring said programmed injection is typically a slide valve (65).

1. closing of opening (53) and channel (634): no material flow,

2. placing in communication of channel (634) and cavity (67): injection of material A into cavity (67),

3. placing in communication of opening (53) and cavity (67): injection of the ring flow of multilayer material A/B/A/,

4. placing in communication of opening (53) with the outside: optional draining of opening (53).